ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Birdville Independent School District	Tarrant	220-902
Name of Local Education Agency	County	County-District Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attack	hed annual financial repor	t of the above named
School district was reviewed and		
approved disapprove	ed	
7 0	-	
for the year ended June 30, 2014 at a mee on the 20th day of November, 2014.	eting of the Board of Truste	ees of such school district
Mulls Held Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of B	parg President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it are:

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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MEMBERS: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC **ACCOUNTANTS** TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED **PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 **DENTON, TEXAS 76202-0977**

> TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees Birdville Independent School District Haltom City, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Birdville Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standard issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Birdville Independent School District as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion* and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 11 through 23 and 61 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Birdville Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2014 on our consideration of Birdville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Birdville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

October 30, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Birdville Independent School District's (the "District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. It should be read in conjunction with the independent auditors' report and the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2014, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$79,807,081 (net position). The unrestricted portion of \$30,915,324 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- The District's total net position increased by \$11,504,005 during the year ended June 30, 2014.
- ➤ At the close of the fiscal year, the District reported \$84,981,789 combined governmental fund balance, a decrease of \$568,389 from the prior year. Of the combined fund balance at year end, the District had \$46,071,919 of committed fund balance, \$6,500.000 in assigned fund balance, and \$14,976,559 of unassigned fund balance. The remainder pertained to non-spendable and restricted balances.
- As of June 30, 2014, the General Fund had \$52,712,684 in total fund balance, which represented 29.6% of fiscal 2014 expenditures. Of this total, the District committed \$27,896,133 (15.0% of fiscal year 2015 budgeted expenditures) and assigned \$6,500,000 to fund future needs. Of the remainder, \$14,976,559 was also available to fund future spending, and \$3,339,992 was comprised of other committed and non-spendable amounts.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present different views of the District: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, including the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, report on the District as a whole and are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting basis used by most private-sector entities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities including capital assets and long-term debt. The value of assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are reported as net position. The Statement of Activities presents the increases and decreases in net position for the current fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. Increases and decreases in net position over time may serve as one indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating but should be considered with additional factors as well.

Government-wide financial statements distinguish net position and the changes in net position between *governmental activities*, which are supported principally by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and *business-type activities*, which are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. All of the District's activities are reported as *governmental activities* as they are primarily financed by property taxes, state aid, and federal grants. The District has no *business-type activities*. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 25-26 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds as opposed to the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices used to account for specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. State law and bond covenants require the District to establish some funds. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

The District's funds include three types: 1) governmental funds, 2) proprietary funds, and 3) fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds report on the modified accrual basis of accounting which focuses on 1) how cash and other financial resources can be readily converted to cash inflows and outflows and 2) the balances remaining at year end available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and funds available to finance future operations. Because the focus and accounting methods are different for the governmental fund statements and the government-wide statements, reconciliation schedules are presented following each of the fund financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-31 of this report.

Proprietary funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that provide services and or goods for a fee, whether to outside users or units within the District. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting similar to the government-wide financial statements. There are two types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. The enterprise funds report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are an accounting tool used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among various functions. For a number of years, the District used an internal service fund to report activities for its self-funded workers' compensation insurance program. Beginning in 2013-14, this fund represents only the residual claims from 2012-13 and prior, since the District began participation in a fully-insured workers' compensation program on July 1, 2013. The District has no enterprise funds. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-34 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for these funds and responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The District uses fiduciary funds to account for money raised by student activities. The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 35 of this report.

Table I below provides a concise view of the major features of the District's financial statements including the portion of the District they cover and types of information they contain.

Table I				
	Major F	eatures of the District's	Financial Statements	B
			Fund Statements	
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	Activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities of the District that charge fee for services and or goods	Activities for which the District is the trustee/agent for other parties
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses & Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities to be paid during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term debt	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities to be paid during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term debt
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Agency funds do not report revenues and expenditures

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 36-59 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also includes certain *Required Supplementary Information* that further explains and supports the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 61-62 of this report.

The combining statements for the District's various non-major funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information beginning on page 64.

The Texas Education Agency (TEA) requires that certain information be included in this report and those schedules can be found on pages 76-79.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

The District's net position was \$79.8 million at June 30, 2014 (see Table II). The largest portion of net position, approximately \$33.8 million or 42.4 percent, includes investment in capital assets less related outstanding debt to purchase those assets. The District's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and furniture/equipment. Due to the nature of these assets, they are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Unrestricted net position of \$30.9 million or 38.7 percent represents the second largest portion of the total. Unrestricted net position may be used for the District's future obligations. The remaining net position of \$15.1 million or 18.9 percent are restricted for use in food service and debt service.

Table II NET POSITION					
			nenta	I Activities	
		2014		2013	% Change
ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Current and other assets	\$	117,944,504	\$	119,184,522	-1.0%
Capital assets		233,470,166		241,152,224	-3.2%
Total Assets		351,414,670		360,336,746	-2.5%
Deferred outflows of resources		1,292,508		2,042,186	-36.7%
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		352,707,178		362,378,932	-2.7%
LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Other liabilities		53,539,006		51,415,613	4.1%
Long-term liabilities outstanding		219,361,091		242,660,243	-9.6%
Total Liabilities		272,900,097		294,075,856	-7.2%
Deferred Inflows of resources		-		_	0.0%
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		272,900,097		294,075,856	-7.2%
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		33,834,370		26,507,375	27.6%
Restricted		15,057,387		14,714,175	2.3%
Unrestricted		30,915,324		27,081,526	14.2%
Total Net Position	\$	79,807,081	\$	68,303,076	16.8%

Total net position of the District increased \$11,504,005 during the year ended June 30, 2014 from the prior year as a result of revenues exceeding expenses (see Table III).

Table III				
Changes in Net Position				
	Governmental Activities			
Revenues:	2014	2013	% Change	
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 8,052,008	\$ 8,712,608	-7.6%	
Operating grants and contributions General Revenues:	38,552,150	39,104,546	-1.4%	
Property taxes	103.901.380	101,495,042	2.4%	
State aid and unrestricted grants	90,163,953	83,086,374	8.5%	
Investment earnings	510,242	447,276	14.1%	
Miscellaneous	2,053,141	662,434	209.9%	
Total Revenues	243,232,874	233,508,280	4.2%	
Expenses:				
Instruction, curriculum and media services	144,232,064	138,021,282	4.5%	
Instructional and school leadership	14,792,351	14,880,152	-0.6%	
Student support services	14,708,612	14,708,244	0.0%	
Food services	10,844,703	11,027,068	-1.7%	
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	6,696,771	6,902,213	-3.0%	
General administration	5,049,765	4,917,081	2.7%	
Plant maintenance, security and data processing	23,423,180	21,258,504	10.2%	
Community services	674,848	712,441	-5.3%	
Debt service	10,498,752	13,538,476	-22.5%	
Capital Outlay	16,085	649,473	-97.5%	
Intergovernmental charges	791,738	896,717	-11.7%	
Total Expenses	231,728,869	227,511,651	1.9%	
Increase in net position	11,504,005	5,996,629	91.8%	
Beginning net position (2013 as restated)	68,303,076	62,306,447	9.6%	
Ending net assets	\$ 79,807,081	\$ 68,303,076	16.8%	

Revenues

Overall revenues of the District were \$243.2 million, a \$9.7 million or 4.2 percent increase from the prior year. The majority of this increase came from property taxes and state aid which increased a total of \$9.5 million. A rise in the value of the District's property tax base created the increase in property tax revenues. Increases in state aid resulted from enrollment growth and changes in the Texas state aid funding formulas for the 2013-14 fiscal year. One other change of note relates to the increase in Miscellaneous Revenues. The change in this category reflects additional royalties the District received on its gas leases during the fiscal year.

Figures 1 and 2 depict the District's revenue sources for fiscal year 2014 and 2013. The graphs show that property taxes are the primary source of revenue for the District followed by state aid and operating grants. State aid and property taxes as a percentage of total revenues increased due to the factors mentioned above.

Figure 1

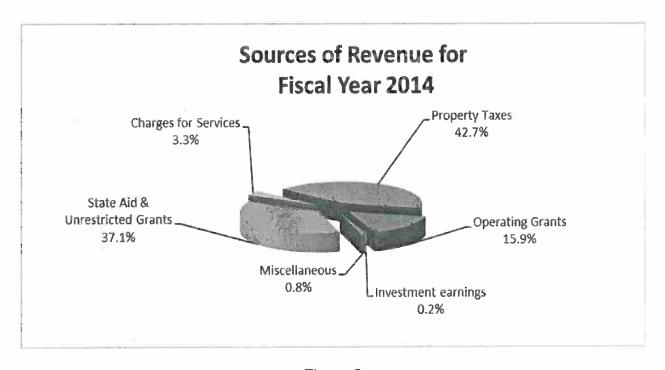
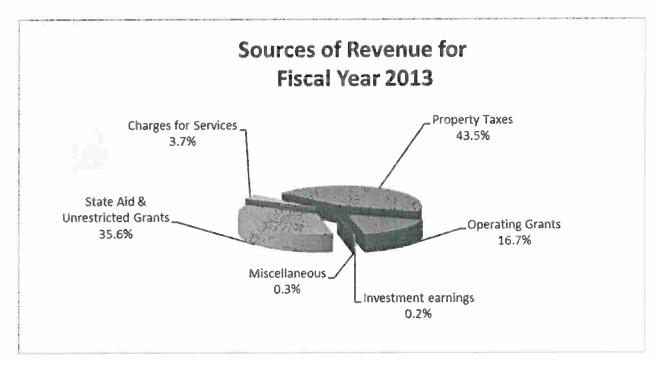


Figure 2



Expenses

Expenses are shown in Table III by functional categories that reflect the purpose of the transaction. Various operating expenses are reflected in each functional category. Total expenses in the current fiscal year were \$231.7 million, a \$4.2 million or 1.9 percent increase from the prior year. The District adopted a district-wide salary increase of 3 percent during fiscal year 2013-14. In addition, several positions were created in the instruction and curriculum areas to support the instructional programs of the District. Debt service expenses for interest declined approximately \$3 million due to recent bond refinancing and a \$4.4 million bond principal prepayment.

Figure 3 graphically depicts the total expenses of the District by function, while Table IV presents the cost of the District's largest programs and each program's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and operating grants). The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these programs.

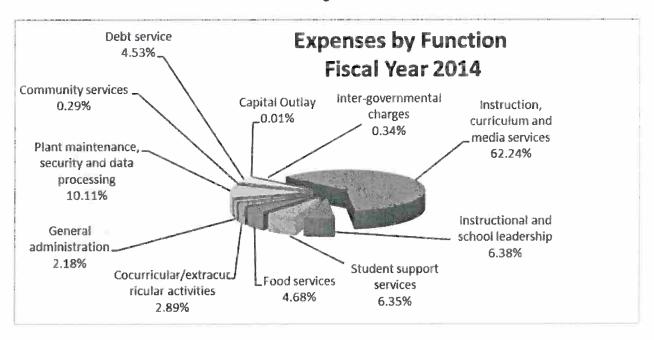


Figure 3

Table IV Costs of Services for Major Functions						
	Total (Cost of Services		Net C	ost of Services	
			%			%
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Instruction, Curriculum & Media Services	\$144,232,064	\$138,021,282	4.5%	\$119,685,245	\$112,846,361	6.1%
Maintenance, Security, & Data Processing	23,423,180	21,258,504	10.2%	22,752,442	20,210,428	12.6%
Instructional & School Leadership	14,792,351	14,880,152	-0.6%	13,221,577	13,253,638	-0.2%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements and may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$84,981,789 (as presented in the Balance Sheet on page 27), a decrease of \$568,389 from the prior year.

The following non-spendable and restricted items, which total \$17,433,311 or 20.5 percent of fund balance, are either unavailable for new spending or limited to specific types of expenditures due to legal restrictions:

•	Inventories & Prepaid Items	\$ 883,088
•	Food Service	4,099,838
•	Other Restricted Grants	9,647
	Debt service	12,407,225
•	Capital projects	33,513

An additional 54.2 percent of fund balance, or \$46,071,919, has been committed by the District's Board of Trustees for specific purposes. While technically not available for legal expenditures, these funds are nonetheless at the control of the District. The committed purposes are:

•	General Fund Reserves	\$ 27,896,133
	Scholarship Fund	10,269,457
•	Compensated Absences	2,600,000
•	Local Projects	4,478,296
•	Campus Activity	686,904
•	Other Special Revenue Funds	141,129

The District has set aside \$6.5 million of the remaining fund balance as assigned for future contingencies and reserves. The remaining 17.62 percent of fund balance, or \$14,976,559, is available for expenditure at the District's discretion of any legal expenditure.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both available fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$52,712,684 which represents 29.6 percent of fiscal year 2013-14 General Fund expenditures. Of the total fund balance, the District's Board of Trustees elected to commit 15 percent of the fiscal 2014-15 General Fund expenditure budget as the minimum reserve or committed fund balance. At June 30, 2014, this committed amount was \$27,896,133.

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$5,069,024 during the current fiscal year. This decrease was planned by the Board of Trustees and predominately related to a one-time \$6.5 million operating transfer out to a Local Special Projects fund. This fund was established to address critical facility and technology needs in the District. While the General Fund balance declined during the year, the end of year balance still maintains a healthy 29.6 percent of total expenditures for 2013-14.

The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund decreased \$384,612 from the prior year. Increased property values and bond refinancing opportunities allowed the District to prepay \$4.4 million of bond principal during the fiscal year. The entire ending fund balance of \$12,407,225 is reserved for the payment of debt service.

At year end, the Capital Projects Fund had a fund balance of \$33,513, a decrease of \$110,501 from the prior year. These funds are reserved for construction projects and represent the remaining balance of the 2006 voter approved bonds. The final expenditures were recorded early in fiscal year 2014-15.

The District's various special revenue funds ended the year with a combined fund balance of \$19,828,367. This represents an increase of \$4,995,748 from the prior year. Revenues typically approximate expenditures in the special revenue funds as grant monies are generally earned when expended. The Local Special Projects fund established by the Board of Trustees with the transfer of \$6.5 million from the General Fund is accounted for in a special revenue fund. The increase in the total special revenue fund balances is attributable to the unspent funds in this Local Special Projects Fund and an excess of mineral lease revenues over expenditures in the Scholarship Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The District's only proprietary fund is an internal service fund to process the remaining claims from a self-funded workers' compensation program that ended on June 30, 2013. On July 1, 2013, the District moved to a fully-insured workers' compensation plan. This internal service fund exists to handle the residual claims for accidents that occurred prior to July 1, 2013. At year end, the fund had \$644,319 in total net position representing a decrease from the prior year of \$1,724,262. During the fiscal year, the District transferred approximately \$2 million to the General Fund. These funds represented amounts no longer needed to cover outstanding, unpaid claims.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget several times. In accordance with Board Policy CE (Local), the District submits amendments during the course of the budget year to the Board of Trustees for approval. The most significant General Fund amendment presented to the Board of Trustees for approval during the year included the transfer of \$6,477,757 out to a Local Special Projects Fund. This fund was established by the Board of Trustees to address various facility and technology critical needs. The Board of Trustees also approved \$3.1 million in other expenditure budget amendments for 2013-14. These amendments included 2012-13 incomplete facility projects and unspent campus budgets; budgets needed for the purchase of a new Ag facility; and funds for additional campus projectors and copier leases. Overall budget amendments for revenues and transfers into the General Fund resulted in a net increase of approximately \$1.2 million. These amendments included: a \$2.1 million reduction in property tax revenue based on lower than expected certified property values received in July 2013; a \$1.3 million increase in state aid from additional student enrollment; and a \$2 million transfer into the General Fund from the self-insured workers' compensation fund mentioned earlier.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2014, the District had invested approximately \$233.5 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, and buildings, less depreciation (see Table V). Net capital assets decreased approximately \$7.68 million from the prior year. The decrease was driven by higher accumulated depreciation. The increase in construction-in-progress related to the facility improvements in the Local Special Projects Fund established during the fiscal year.

Table V Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)				
Govern	mental Activiti	es		
		%		
2014	2013	Change		
\$17,547,166	\$17,547,166	0.0%		
205,815,212	217,660,858	-5.4%		
8,114,764	5,877,331	38.1%		
1,993,024	66,869	2880.5%		
\$233,470,166	\$241,152,224	-3.2%		
	2014 \$17,547,166 205,815,212 8,114,764 1,993,024	apital Assets of Depreciation) Governmental Activiti 2014 2013 \$17,547,166 \$17,547,166 205,815,212 217,660,858 8,114,764 5,877,331		

Long-Term Debt

The District had \$242.2 million in long-term debt at year end, a decrease of \$21.9 million from the prior year. The decrease was primarily composed of principal payments of \$14.2 million on the bonds during the fiscal year, including a \$4.4 million bond principal prepayment.

Table VI Long-Term Debt				
Governmental Activities				
			%	
	2014	2013	Change	
Bonds Payable	\$ 189,105,198	\$ 203,760,361	-7.2%	
Accreted Interest	38,694,295	44,379,607	-12.8%	
Bond Premiums	11,416,163	12,880,884	-11.4%	
Capital Leases	440,456	189,804	132.1%	
Compensated Absences	2,572,572	2,919,422	11.9%	
Totals	\$ 242,228,684	\$ 264,130,078	-8.3%	

More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Bond Ratings

The bonds have a municipal bond rating of "AAA" by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P") and "AAA" by Fitch Ratings (Fitch) based upon the Permanent School Fund Guarantee of the State of Texas ("PSF Guarantee"). The underlying or secondary credit ratings for the District are "AA" by S&P and "AA+" by Fitch.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Fiscal 2013-14 was a period of continued financial improvement for the District. Property values have increased over 2 percent for each of the past two fiscal years after remaining flat or declining for the few years prior. Student enrollment continues to increase with slightly more than 1 percent from the prior year. Additional increases in the Texas state funding formulas have provided significant additional funding for the District during the last two fiscal years. The District has been able to provide staff compensation increases and multiple personnel units in the instructional and curriculum areas. While the General Fund balance dropped approximately \$5 million for the 2013-14 fiscal year, \$6.5 million of the total decrease represented one-time costs for special facility and technology project needs. Prudent spending and careful monitoring of resources has allowed the District to continue to maintain a healthy General Fund balance.

The financial forecast for the 2014-15 fiscal year continues to show improvement. State funding formulas have been adjusted again by the Texas Legislature. District property values have risen almost 5 percent. Student enrollment is slightly up over the prior year. Compensation increases of 2.25 percent were approved by the Board of Trustees in addition to a number of new instructional positions. The M&O tax rate remains at \$1.04 per \$100 of property valuation, the maximum rate allowed without a tax rate election. The additional revenue allowed the District to include \$3.7 million dollars in the General Fund budget for facility and technology improvements which created a small deficit in the adopted budget.

In regard to the Debt Service Fund, the District adopted a tax rate of \$0.395 per \$100 of property value reflecting no change over the prior year. Because of the increase in property values, the District was able to approve the pre-payment of over \$5 million of the Birdville ISD Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2008-A and the Birdville ISD Unlimited Tax School Building & Refunding Bonds, Series 2007. Over the last two years, the District has been able to prepay over \$9 million in bond principal.

In August 2014, the Board of Trustees called a \$163.2 million bond election to address facility replacement and major facility improvement needs around the District. The election will be held in November 2014.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Finance Department.

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BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Data	
Control	Governmental
Codes	Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 72,953,967
1120 Current Investments	2,237,796
1220 Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	7,103,895
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(2,017,966)
1240 Due from Other Governments	26,108,143
1250 Accrued Interest Receivable	102,915
1290 Other Receivables, net	504,331
1300 Inventories	874,801
1410 Prepayments	59,122
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	17,547,166
1520 Buildings, Net	205,815,212
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	8,114,764
1580 Construction in Progress	1,993,024
1910 Long Term Investments	10,017,500
1000 Total Assets	351,414,670
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701 Deferred Charge - Bond Refundings	1,292,508
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,292,508
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	3,506,510
2140 Interest Payable	2,400,342
2150 Payroll Deductions & Withholdings	1,170,655
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	21,294,812
2177 Due to Fiduciary Funds	856,417
2180 Due to Other Governments	33
2190 Due to Student Groups	88,032
2200 Accrued Expenses	365,103
2300 Unearned Revenue	989,509
Noncurrent Liabilities	
2501 Due Within One Year	22,867,593
2502 Due in More Than One Year	219,361,091
2000 Total Liabilities	272,900,097
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,834,370
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	4,252,581
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	10,804,806
3900 Unrestricted	30,915,324
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 79,807,081

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data	Program Revenues			Position		
Data		1		3	4	 6
Control					Operating	
Codes				Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
11 Instruction	\$	134,469,177	\$	2,538,603	18,107,641	\$ (113,822,933)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,642,997		-	107,993	(2,535,004)
13 Curriculum and Staff Development		7,119,890		-	3,792,582	(3,327,308)
21 Instructional Leadership		2,980,892		-	1,010,902	(1,969,990)
23 School Leadership		11,811,459		-	559,872	(11,251,587)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		8,298,055		-	781,769	(7,516,286)
32 Social Work Services		393,873		-	130,527	(263,346)
33 Health Services		2,487,222		-	97,940	(2,389,282)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,529,462		**	1,011,864	(2,517,598)
35 Food Services		10,844,703		3,282,593	8,378,434	816,324
36 Extracurricular Activities		6,696,771		2,167,940	127,120	(4,401,711)
41 General Administration		5,049,765		-	447,358	(4,602,407)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		17,631,670		62,872	526,692	(17,042,106)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		1,414,269		-	3,911	(1,410,358)
53 Data Processing Services		4,377,241		-	77,263	(4,299,978)
61 Community Services		674,848		-	425,282	(249,566)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt		10,310,987		-	2,965,000	(7,345,987)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		187,765		-	-	(187,765)
81 Capital Outlay		16,085		-	-	(16,085)
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		50,530		-	-	(50,530)
97 Payments to Tax Increment Fund		124,940		-	-	(124,940)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		616,268		-	-	(616,268)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	231,728,869	\$	8,052,008	38,552,150	(185,124,711)
Data	==					
Control Codes Genera	Reve	nues:				
Taxe						
				for General Pu		75,374,802
				for Debt Servi	ce	28,526,578
SF Stat	e Aid	- Formula Gra	ants			90,145,837
GC Gra	nts an	d Contribution	ns n	ot Restricted		18,116
IE Inve	stmer	nt Earnings				510,242
MI Mis	cellan	eous Local an	d In	termediate Rev	enue	2,053,141
TR Total	Gener	al Revenues				196,628,716
CN		Change in N	Vet F	Position		11,504,005
NB Net Pos	sition -	Beginning				68,303,076
NE Net Pos	sition-	-Ending				\$ 79,807,081

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

Contro			General					L'arramma amén
	A GOVERNO		Fund		Debt Service Fund		Other Funds	Governmental Funds
	ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	2	47,795,330	2	12,021,555	\$	12,135,933	\$ 71,952,818
120	Investments - Current	Ψ	2,237,796	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	2,237,796
220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		5,594,480		1,509,415		_	7,103,895
230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(1,589,194)		(428,772)		-	(2,017,966)
240	Receivables from Other Governments		21,290,313		(120,772)		4,817,830	26,108,143
250	Accrued Interest		24,178		_		78,737	102,915
260	Due from Other Funds		103,793		664,321		3,157,947	3,926,061
290	Other Receivables		234,548		38,367		223,048	495,963
300	Inventories		731,705		50,507		143,096	874,801
410	Prepayments		8,287				50,835	59,122
910			2,297,360		_		7,720,140	10,017,500
	Long-Term Investments	_		_		_		
.000	Total Assets	\$	78,728,596	\$	13,804,886	\$	28,327,566	\$120,861,048
	LIABILITIES							
110	Accounts Payable	\$	1,789,707	\$	-	\$	1,716,803	
150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		1,170,655		-		-	1,170,655
160	Accrued Wages Payable		19,125,501		-		2,169,311	21,294,812
2170	Due to Other Funds		677,984		-		4,100,786	4,778,770
180	Due to Other Governments		33		-		-	33
190	Due to Student Groups		-		-		88,032	88,032
200	Accrued Expenditures		2,630		-		983	3,613
2300	Unearned Revenues		-		599,738		389,771	989,509
2000	Total Liabilities		22,766,510		599,738	_	8,465,686	31,831,934
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		3,249,402		797,923		-	4,047,325
600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,249,402		797,923	_		4,047,325
	FUND BALANCES							
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:						1.40.006	071001
3410	Inventories		731,705		-		143,096	874,801
430	Prepaid Items		8,287		•		-	8,287
	Restricted Fund Balance:						4 100 405	4 100 407
450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		4,109,485	4,109,485
470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		-		-		33,513	33,513
480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:		-		12,407,225		-	12,407,225
1545	Other Committed Fund Balance Assigned Fund Balance:		30,496,133		-		15,575,786	46,071,919
590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		6,500,000		-		-	6,500,000
600	Unassigned Fund Balance		14,976,559		-		_	14,976,559
000	Total Fund Balances		52,712,684	_	12,407,225	_	19,861,880	84,981,789
		_						
1000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	78,728,596	\$	13,804,886	\$	28,327,566	\$120,861,048

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 84,981,789
1	The District uses an internal service fund to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	644,319
2	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	470,579,263
3	Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(237,109,097)
4	Bonds payable and capital leases payable are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(189,545,654)
5	Accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(38,694,295)
6	Bond premiums on outstanding bonds payable are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(11,416,163)
7	Revenue from property taxes reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	4,047,325
8	Accrued liabilities for compensated absences have not been recorded in the fund financial statements.	(2,572,572)
9	Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are recorded when due.	(2,400,342)
10	The deferred charge on bond refundings is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements.	1,292,508
19	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 79,807,081

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

F	OR	THE	YEAR	ENDED	JUNE	30,	2014	
								_

Data			10		50				Total
Contro	st		General		Debt Service		Other	C	lovernmental
Codes	•		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
	REVENUES:								
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	76,442,988	\$	28,506,167	\$	8,517,917	\$	113,467,072
	State Program Revenues	Ψ	98,088,417	•	2,965,000	•	2,609,686	7	103,663,103
5800 5900	Federal Program Revenues		2,572,056		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		23,510,757		26,082,813
	·		177,103,461		31,471,167		34,638,360		243,212,988
5020	Total Revenues		177,105,401		31,471,107		34,030,300		
~	EXPENDITURES:								
	urrent:		110,570,964				14,259,664		124,830,628
0011	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,438,484		-		26,991		2,465,475
0012			3,076,664		_		3,579,164		6,655,828
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		1,855,293		_		908,651		2,763,944
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,833,293		_		83,239		10,791,492
0023	School Leadership		7,149,540		-		462,733		7,612,273
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		238,178		_		121,314		359,492
0032	Social Work Services		-		-		205		2,276,992
0033	Health Services		2,276,787		-		67,132		3,271,820
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,204,688		-		11,333,730		11,333,730
0035	Food Services		4,709,548		•		1,729,354		6,438,902
0036	Extracurricular Activities				-		24,970		4,699,492
0041	General Administration		4,674,522 19,258,707		-		24,570		19,500,242
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,435,777		-		241,333		1,435,777
0052	Security and Monitoring Services						2,283,653		6,504,887
0053	Data Processing Services		4,221,234		-		402,947		625,550
0061	Community Services		222,603		•		402,547		023,330
	ebt Service:		125 426		14,225,163		_		14,350,589
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt		125,426		17,624,714		_		17,630,317
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		5,603		187,765		_		187,765
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		•		167,703		_		107,703
	apital Outlay:		1,125,378		_		705,588		1,830,966
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		1,123,376				705,500		1,000,000
	ntergovernmental: Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		50,530		_		_		50,530
0095	Payments to Tax Increment Fund		124,940				-		124,940
0097			616,268		_		_		616,268
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges				32.027.642		26 220 970		
6030	Total Expenditures		178,089,387		32,037,642		36,230,870		246,357,899
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		(985,926)		(566,475)		(1,592,510)		(3,144,911)
	Expenditures								
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		_		20,245,000		_		20,245,000
7911	Refunding Bonds Issued		376,078		20,243,000		_		376,078
7913	Capital Leases		2,018,581		_		6,477,757		8,496,338
7915	Transfers In		2,010,301		735,340		0,477,737		735,340
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		(6,477,757)		733,340		_		(6,477,757)
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(0,4//,/3/)		(20,798,477)				(20,798,477)
8949	Other (Uses)		(4.002.000)				(177 757	_	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,083,098)		181,863		6,477,757		2,576,522
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(5,069,024)		(384,612)		4,885,247		(568,389)
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		57,781,708		12,791,837		14,976,633		85,550,178
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	52,712,684	\$	12,407,225	\$	19,861,880	\$	84,981,789
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	52,712,684	\$	12,407,225	\$	19,861,880	\$	84,981,

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (568,389)
The District uses an internal service fund to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net effect of this consolidation is to decrease net position.	(1,724,262)
Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions increases government-wide net position.	8,203,125
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in the governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease government-wide net position.	(15,885,183)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on capital leases and bonds payable are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions of long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	14,350,589
The current year decrease in accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year's change in accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is to increase government-wide net position.	5,685,312
Current year amortization of the premium on bonds payable is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a decrease in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	1,896,081
Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements.	(452,093)
The current year change in accrued liabilities for compensated absences has not been recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	346,850
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, but interest is expended as due in the fund financial statements.	307,112
Revenues from property taxes are deferred in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts in the government-wide financial statements.	19,886
The current year issuance of refunding bonds is shown as other resources in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(20,245,000)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The premiums on the current year issuance of refunding bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(735,340)
The proceeds from a new capital lease is shown as other resources in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(376,078)
The current year payment to the escrow agent for refunding debt is an other financing use in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The payment of \$20,798,477 includes the payment to refund bonds of \$20,978,980 plus accrued interest of \$117,082 and a deferred gain on bond refundings of \$297,585.	20,681,395
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,504,005

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal
	Service Fund
SSETS	
Current Assets:	ф. 1.001.140.
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,001,149
Due from Other Funds	6,300
Other Receivables	8,368
Total Assets	1,015,817
IABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to Other Funds	10,008
Accrued Expenses	361,490
Total Liabilities	371,498
ET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	644,319
Total Net Position	\$ 644,319

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 312,253
Total Operating Revenues	312,253
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Other Operating Costs	19,055
Total Operating Expenses	19,055
Operating Income	293,198
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments	1,121
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1,121
Income Before Transfers	294,319
Transfers Out	(2,018,581)
Change in Net Position	(1,724,262)
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	2,368,581
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 644,319

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims Cash Payments for Suppliers	\$ (205,868) (19,055)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(224,923)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	
Transfer to General Fund Payment of Due to Other Funds Advance to Other Funds	(2,018,581) (272,895) (6,300)
Net Cash Used for Non-Capital Financing Activities	(2,297,776)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments	1,121
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	(2,521,578) 3,522,727
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 1,001,149
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities: Operating Income:	\$ 293,198
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in Other Receivables Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (decrease) in Accrued Expenses	(8,368) (2,000) (507,753)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (224,923)

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	gency Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 19,34
Due from Other Funds	856,41′
Total Assets	\$ 875,762
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 7,45
Due to Student Groups	 868,30
Total Liabilities	\$ 875,76

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Birdville Independent School District (District) is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees that are elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in *Statement of Auditing Standards No.* 69 of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Additionally, the District complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (FASRG) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the District:

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was considered by applying the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units". Based on these standards, management has determined that the District has no component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Birdville Independent School District non-fiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, state foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are non-operating.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amounts.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included in the fund Statement of Net Position. Net position is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

D. Fund Accounting

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major program revenues include local property taxes, state funding under the Foundation School Program, and interest earnings. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District except for specific programs funded by the federal or state government, food service, debt service, and capital projects.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is utilized to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs arising from general obligation bonds.

Additionally, the District reports the following non major fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and in certain cases unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is utilized to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Such resources are derived from proceeds of General Obligation Bonds and interest earned on such monies and local sources designated for such purposes.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Fund Accounting - Continued

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Funds – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's Internal Service Fund is a Worker's Compensation self-insurance fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds -The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in an agency fund. The District's Agency Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash is comprised of demand accounts and imprest funds. All daily receipts are deposited to the demand accounts until the funds are invested under the terms of the District's depository contract. The District considers cash equivalents to be all highly liquid investments with initial maturities of ninety days or less from the date of purchase.

F. Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No, 31, the District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at June 30, 2014. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes.

G. Inventory

Inventories on the balance sheet consist of material and supplies and are recorded at first-in, first-out (FIFO) cost. The District follows the consumption method of accounting whereby supplies and materials are recorded as expenditures when utilized.

H. Compensated Absences

Five vacation days may be carried over beginning June 1 and must be used by November 1 of the same year. The accrual is considered immaterial and has not been recorded.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

H. Compensated Absences – Continued

Leave days are earned at a rate of five State and five local sick days per year. The State days accrue with no limit and the local days may accrue to a maximum of 100 days. For those employees retiring after June 30, 2004, the date of May 31, 2003, was established as a cap for the compensation of unused paid leave at retirement or death. This capped amount is used to determine an employee's, or the beneficiary of a deceased employee's, maximum compensation for unused leave at the time of retirement or death. The employee shall have his or her capped amount of compensation reduced by 20 percent. If retirement does not occur prior to July 1, 2005, the employee shall have his or her capped amount of compensation reduced by an additional 20 percent for an approximate 40 percent reduction. If after the approximate 40 percent reduction an employee qualifies for an amount greater than \$10,000, that amount shall remain his or her capped amount until the time of retirement or death. This amount cannot be exceeded but shall be reduced if the number of unused state and local leave days accumulated in the District, multiplied by 50 percent of the employee's daily rate of pay, results in an amount less than the established capped amount at the time of retirement or death. If the 40 percent reduction reduces an employee's benefit below \$10,000, then the benefit amount may increase to a maximum of \$10,000 with the accumulation of additional local and state leave days. This benefit shall be determined by multiplying 50 percent of the employee's daily rate of pay by the number of unused accumulated state and local days up to a maximum of 100 days earned in the District at the time of retirement or death.

An employee who qualified for retirement benefits from the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and who was hired after May 31, 2003, or the beneficiary of a deceased employee who was hired after May 31, 2003, shall be eligible to receive a maximum \$10,000 compensation benefit at retirement. This benefit shall be determined by calculating 50 percent of the employee's daily rate of pay multiplied by the number of local leave days up to a maximum of 100 days earned in the District, to include days earned in the current school year, at the time of retirement or death.

The accrual for accumulated unpaid sick leave benefits has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

I. Account Code Reporting

In accordance with the Texas Education Code, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system, which meets at least the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure prescribed by TEA in the FASRG. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the FASRG. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

J. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The amount of state foundation revenue a school district earns for a year can and does vary until the time when final values for each of the factors in the formula becomes available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year. It is reasonably possible that minor adjustments may be made to the foundation revenue by the State.

K. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. The District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

L. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

L. Capital Assets – Continued

Buildings, furniture, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	15-45
Vehicles	5-10
Office Equipment	5-15
Computer Equipment	3-10

M. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs are reported as expenditures when incurred.

NOTE 2. ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Beginning in fiscal year 2013, the District implemented GASB Statement Numbers 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. These two statements:

- Defined transactions that result in the consumption of net assets in one period that are applicable to a future period as "deferred outflows of resources."
- Defined transactions that result in the acquisition of net assets in one period that are applicable to a future period as "deferred inflows of resources."
- Defined the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as "net position."
- Required certain items previously reported as assets and liabilities that meet the
 definition of deferred outflows or inflows of resources to be retroactively reclassified in
 the Statements of Net Position and Balance Sheets, if practical, for all prior periods
 presented.

The effects of these two changes in accounting principle on the District's financial statements were:

NOTE 2. ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS - CONTINUED

Governmental fund financial statements

Record property taxes uncollected within 60 days of the fiscal year-end, and therefore unavailable, as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

- Reclassify bond issuance costs previously reported as assets to expenses of the period in which they were incurred.
- For refunded debt, record the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt as a deferred resource outflow or inflow, as appropriate, and amortize the balance as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Accordingly, all unamortized deferred losses on refunding transactions as of June 30, 2013 were reclassified as deferred outflows of resources.

NOTE 3. FUND BALANCE

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification:</u> The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified inventories and prepaid items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects fund resources are to be used for future construction and renovation projects and are restricted through bond orders and constitutional law.

NOTE 3. FUND BALANCE -- CONTINUED

- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has assigned fund balance of the General Fund as of June 30, 2014 for purposes as detailed below.
- <u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and are described below:

General Fund

The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$14,976,559 at June 30, 2014. Inventories of \$731,705 and prepaid items of \$8,287 are considered nonspendable fund balance.

The Board of Trustees has adopted a resolution committing a portion of the General Fund fund balance equal to fifteen percent of General Fund operating expenditures in the following year's adopted budget. This commitment was \$27,896,133 as of June 30, 2014. The District has also committed General Fund fund balance of \$2,600,000 for future payments of compensated absences.

The District has assigned \$6,500,000 of the General Fund fund balance as additional operating reserves.

NOTE 3. FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Other Major Funds

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$12,407,225 at June 30, 2014 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt.

Other Funds

Inventories of \$143,096 in the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program Fund are considered nonspendable fund balance.

The fund balance of \$33,513 in the Capital Projects Fund is shown as restricted for capital acquisitions. The following special revenue funds fund balances are restricted by Federal, State or other grant restrictions:

National Breakfast & Lunch Program	\$4,099,838
Advanced Placement Incentives	9,647
Total	\$4,109,485

The following special revenue funds fund balances have been committed by the District for the following purposes:

Campus Activities	\$ 686,904
Other Local Special Revenue Funds	141,129
Local Special Projects	4,478,296
Scholarship Funds	10,269,457
Total	<u>\$15,575,786</u>

NOTE 4. BONDED DEBT PAYABLE

Bonded debt payable as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amount of Original Issue	Amount Outstanding 7/1/2013	issued Current Year	Refunded Current Year	Retired Current Year	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2014
Unlimited Tax School							
Building Bonds							
Series 1997	3.90-5.60	\$ 31,189,385	\$ 5,605,882	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,605,882	\$ -
Unlimited Tax							
Building Bonds							
Series 1998	3.70-4.90	9,495,589	5,470,575	-	-	161,918	5,308,657
Unlimited Tax School							
Building and							
Refunding Bonds							
Series 1999	4.60-6.27	11,827,132	4,531,806	-	-	21,413	4,510,393
Unlimited Tax							
Building Bonds							
Series 2000	5.30-6.79	10,140,000	326,347	-	-	-	326,347
Unlimited Tax School							
Building and							
Refunding Bonds							
Series 2002	3.88-5.54	15,673,486	10,502,932	-	-	572,697	9,930,235
Unlimited Tax Refunding							
Bonds							
Series 2004	3.00-5.00	25,701,186	21,135,000	-	20,675,000	460,000	-
Unlimited Tax School							
Building Bonds							
Series 2006	3.26-4.23	40,315,000	1,665,000	-	-	830,000	835,000
Unlimited Tax School							
Building and							
Refunding Bonds						4 000 050	04 000 000
Series 2007	3.26-4.23	95,507,115	92,396,222	~	-	1,393,253	91,002,969
Unlimited Tax School							
Building Bonds						5 000 000	24 750 000
Series 2008A	2.00-4.21	37,850,000	36,830,000	-	-	5,080,000	31,750,000
Unlimited Tax School							
Building Bonds			0.000.000			400,000	2 500 000
Series 2008B	2.00-3.42	4,750,000	3,680,000	-	-	100,000	3,580,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding							
Bonds	0.05.4.70	04 040 507	04.040.507				21,616,597
Series 2012	0.95-1.73	21,616,597	21,616,597	-	-	-	21,010,097
Unlimited Tax Refunding							
Bonds	0.40.0.00	20 245 200		20 245 000			20,245,000
Series 2014	0.16-0.33	20,245,000		20,245,000		-	20,245,000
Total bonded							
debt payable			\$ 203,760,361	\$ 20,245,000	\$ 20,675,000	\$ 14,225,163	\$ 189,105,198
mane had any a			,,	·,- ·-,-	,,-		

NOTE 4. BONDED DEBT PAYABLE - CONTINUED

The debt service requirements on the above bonds are as follows:

,283
,863
,225
,875
,626
,824
,862
,000
<u>,558</u>

Bonded debt payable is collateralized by revenue from the District's tax collections.

NOTE 5. DEBT ISSUANCES AND DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING

In March 2014, the District issued \$20,245,000 (par value) in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$20,675,000 (par value) of outstanding bonds. The net proceeds of \$20,798,477 (\$20,245,000 par amount of the bonds plus \$735,340 of premium paid on the bonds less \$181,863 of underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. and State and Local Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the long-term debt. The refunded bonds were redeemed on March 28, 2014.

The refunding was undertaken to reduce the District's total debt service payments by approximately \$1,076,754 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$1,072,647.

In prior years, the District has defeased other bond series in advance refunding transactions. As of June 30, 2014, all previously defeased bonds had been paid off.

The current year bond refunding resulted in a book gain recorded in the government-wide financial statements as a deferred gain on bond refundings. The net deferred charge equals the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt. The deferred charge is shown in the government-wide financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, and is amortized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

NOTE 5. DEBT ISSUANCES AND DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING - CONTINUED

The District's deferred charges on bond refundings are as follows:

Balance – June 30, 2013	\$2,042,186
Current year deferred gain on bond refundings	(297,585)
Current year amortization	(452,093)
Balance – June 30, 2014	\$1,292,508

NOTE 6. CAPITAL LEASES

The District has entered into financing agreements involving equipment and buses pursuant to Section 4 of Article 2358 A.2 of the Texas Education Code, which have been classified as capital leases and have interest rates between 3.53% and 4.50%. The current servicing of the capital leases is accounted for in the General Fund.

The following is a schedule by year of the future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of net minimum future lease payments as of June 30, 2014:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2015	\$330,514
2016	61,222
2017	61,222
Total future minimum lease payments	452,958
Less amount representing interest	12,502
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>\$440,456</u>

Included in Capital Assets is \$1,106,869 for equipment and buses related to capital leases and \$347,198 in accumulated depreciation.

NOTE 7. ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

On retirement or death of certain employees, the District pays eligible accrued sick leave in a lump sum payment to the employee or his/her estate. A summary of changes in the accumulated sick leave follows:

Balance, July 1, 2013	\$ 2,919,422
New entrants and sick leave accruals	91,417
Payments to participants	(438,267)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 2,572,572

NOTE 8. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	<u>Balance</u>	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds and Notes Payable					
General Obligation Bonds	\$203,760,361	\$20,245,000	\$34,900,163	\$189,105,198	\$19,463,511
Accreted Interest	44,379,607	4,699,398	10,384,710	38,694,295	1,223,603
Capital Leases	189,804	376,078	125,426	440,456	325,806
Compensated Absences	2,919,422	91,417	438,267	2,572,572	549,128
Premium on Issuance	12,880,884	735,340	2,200,061	11,416,163	1,305,545
	\$264,130,078	\$26,147,233	\$48,048,627	\$242,228,684	\$22,867,593

NOTE 9. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the district for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows: Primary government:

	Balance	Additions		Balance
	7/1/2013	(Transfers)	<u>Deletions</u>	6/30/2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 17,547,166	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,547,166
Construction in Progress	66,869	1,993,024	66,869	1,993,024
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	17,614,035	1,993,024	66,869	19,540,190
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	421,995,273	2,268,664	-	424,263,937
Furniture and Equipment	23,059,969	4,008,306	293,139	26,775,136
Total capital assets, being depreciated	445,055,242	6,276,970	293,139	451,039,073
Less accumulated depreciation on				
Buildings and Improvements	204,334,415	14,114,310	-	218,448,725
Furniture and Equipment	17,182,638	1,770,873	293,139	18,660,372
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	223,538,189	(9,608,213)	-	213,929,976
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$241,152,224	\$ (7,615,189)	\$ 66,869	\$233,470,166

NOTE 9. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Instruction Instructional resources and media services Curriculum and instructional staff development Instructional leadership School leadership Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services Social work services Health services Student (pupil) transportation Food services Co-curricular/extracurricular activities General administration Plant maintenance and operations Security and monitoring services Data processing services Community services	\$ 10,704,286 177,522 464,062 241,462 1,019,967 685,782 34,381 210,230 257,642 398,886 273,364 350,273 838,614 10,802 168,612 49,298
Total depreciation expense	\$ 15,885,183

NOTE 10. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with its agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity, allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes and the District's investment policy authorized the District to invest in the following investments as summarized in the following table:

NOTE 10. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity *	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury obligations	2 years	none	none
U.S. Agency obligations	2 years	none	none
State and municipal securities	2 years	none	none
Certificates of deposit	2 years	none	none
Repurchase agreements	2 years	none	none
Commercial paper	270 days	none	none
Public funds investment pools	N/A	none	none

^{*} The District's investment policy allows for a maximum maturity of twenty years for investments made from the District's Scholarship Fund (a special revenue fund).

The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The district is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Primary government Fiduciary funds	\$ 72,953,967 19,345
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 consist of the following:	\$ 72,973,312
Deposits with financial institutions Other cash equivalents Investments – Current Investments – Long-term	\$ 3,095,357 69,877,955 2,237,796 10,017,500
	\$ 85,228,608

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in investment pools which purchase a combination of shorter term investments with an average maturity of less than 120 days and by holding longer-term investments until maturity, thus reducing the interest rate risk. The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. The District's investment policy has no specific limitations with respect to this metric.

NOTE 10. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following cash equivalents and investments:

Account/Investment Type	Amount	Weighted Average Maturity
TexPool	\$67,087,290	51 days
Lone Star	556,276	56 days
MBIA Texas CLASS	2,225,210	50 days
Certificates of deposit	1,093,013	(1)
U.S. Agency securities	3,375,050	(1)
State and municipal securities	7,787,233	(1)
•	\$82,124,072	

⁽¹⁾ These securities have various maturity dates ranging from August 2014 through June 2032.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the Public Funds Investment Act, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type. The amounts held in bank and certificates of deposit are covered by FDIC insurance or pledged securities.

Account/Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Rating as of June 30, 2014
TexPool	\$67,087,290	AAA	AAAm
Lone Star	556,276	AAA	AAAm
MBIA Texas CLASS	2,225,210	AAA	AAAm
Certificates of deposit	1,093,013	N/A	N/A
U.S. Agency securities	3,375,050	N/A	N/A
State and municipal securities	7,787,233	A or better	A or better

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2014, other than bank deposits, external investment pools, and securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government, the District did not have 5% or more of its investment with one issuer.

NOTE 10. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The Public Funds Investment Act requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least the bank balance less the FDIC insurance at all times.

As of June 30, 2014 the District's deposits with financial institutions were 100% covered by federal depository insurance or by pledged securities.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of the highest deposit:

- A. Depository: Bank of America
- B. Security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$18,322,853.
- C. Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balance amounted to \$16,444,515 and occurred during the month of May 2014.
- D. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of largest combined balance was \$250,000.

Investment in State Investment Pools

The District is a voluntary participant in various investment pools. These pools included the following: TexPool, Lone Star, and MBIA.

The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both Participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool Shares.

NOTE 10. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Investment in State Investment Pools - continued

The Lone Star Investment Pool is governed by an 11-member board, all of whom are participants in the Pool. This ensures that the policies they set affect not only other entities' assets, but their own as well. The Board meets quarterly to review Pool operations, adopt or make changes to the investment policy, review the Pool's financials and audited financial statements, and approve Pool contractor agreements. The pool is tailored to comply with the Public Funds Investment Act.

The MBIA Investment Pool is governed by a Board of Trustees, the number of trustees is determined and elected by the Participants in the pool annually but it must be an odd number and a minimum of 3 trustees. The Board meets upon the request of at least two trustees, but not less than once annually. The pool is tailored to comply with the Public Funds Investment Act.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. The District contributes to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death and survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems of Texas. It operates primarily under the provisions of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Sec. 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. TRS also administers proportional retirement benefits and service credit transfer under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Chapters 803 and 805, respectively. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701-2698, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Internet website, www.trs.state.tx.us, under the TRS Publications heading.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLAN - CONTINUED

Funding Policy. State law provides for a state contribution rate of 6.8% and a member contribution rate of 6.4% for fiscal year 2014. During fiscal years 2013 and 2012 the state contribution rate was 6.4% and 6.0%, respectively. The member contribution rate was 6.4%. In certain instances, the reporting district is required to make all or a portion of the state's contribution. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium pursuant to the following state funding policy: (1) the state constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6.0% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6.0% and not more than 10.0% of the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the system during that fiscal year; (2) a state statute prohibits benefit improvements or contribution reductions if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS's unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. The District's employees' contributions to the system for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2013 and 2014 were \$8,613,589, \$8,606,545 and \$8,996,680, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. contributions to TRS made on behalf of the District's employees and reflected in the District's basic financial statements as both revenue and expenditures for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2013 and 2014 were \$6,379,353, \$6,341,278 and \$5,958,479, respectively. The District paid additional state contributions for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2013 and 2014 in the amount of \$2,291,795, \$2,585,082 and \$2,790,403, respectively, on a portion of the employees' salaries that exceeded the statutory minimum or paid from federal grants.

NOTE 12. SCHOOL DISTRICT RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

Plan Description. Birdville Independent School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees authority to establish and amend the basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at www.trs.state.tx.us, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

NOTE 12. SCHOOL DISTRICT RETIREE HEALTH PLAN - CONTINUED

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1.0% (0.5% in 2013 and 1.0% in 2012) and 0.65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2014, 2013 and 2012. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the State's contributions to TRS-Care were \$876,247, \$605,389, and \$1,221,834, respectively, the active member contributions were \$913,721, \$874,106, and \$874,822, respectively, and the school district's contribution were \$875,634, \$806,628, and \$856,571, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. These on-behalf payments are recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by the District. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the contribution made on behalf of the District was \$380,741.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance.

In years prior to 1998, the District maintained a self-insured workers' compensation plan. For this plan, stop-loss coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$200,000 with an aggregate limit of \$850,000 for claims incurred during the fiscal year 1996 and \$1,000,000 for claims incurred during fiscal years 1997 and 1998. Effective September 1, 1998 through August 31, 2000 the District obtained commercial insurance to cover its risk of loss from workers' compensation claims occurring from these dates. Effective September 1, 2000 the District again maintained a self-insured workers' compensation plan. Effective July 1, 2013 the District once again fully insured its workers' compensation risk. For the self-insured plan, stop-loss coverage was in effect for claims exceeding \$200,000 with an aggregate limit of \$1,000,000. Settled claims have not exceeded the aggregate coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. Unpaid claims related to the period prior to July 1, 2013 are recorded as a liability.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT – CONTINUED

The claims liability of \$361,490 reported in the self-insurance fund at June 30, 2014 is based on an actuarial review of claims pending and an estimate of incurred but not reported claims. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	2014	2013
Liability, beginning of year	\$ 869,242	\$ 1,263,508
Current year claims and changes in estimates	(297,586)	71,961
Claim payments	(210,166)	(466,227)
Liability, end of year	\$ 361,490	<u>\$ 869,242</u>

NOTE 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying general purpose financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 15. DUE FROM STATE AGENCIES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2014, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the State of Texas and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

Fund	State <u>Entitlements</u>	Federal Grants	Total
General	\$ 21,290,313	\$ -	\$ 21,290,313
Special Revenue	212,944	4,604,886	4,817,830
Total	\$ 21,503,257	\$ 4,604,886	\$ 26,108,143

NOTE 16. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

	Gene Fun		Debt Service Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Total
Grant funds	\$	_	\$ -	\$389,771	\$389,771
State funding		_	599,738		599,738
Total	\$	_	<u>\$599,738</u>	<u>\$389,771</u>	<u>\$989,509</u>

NOTE 17. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

	Due From	Due To	Purpose
General Fund Special Revenue Funds	\$ 93,785	\$ -	Deficit of pooled cash /
Debt Service Fund Agency Fund Internal Service Fund	- - 10,008	664,321 7,363 6,300	reimbursement of expenditures Pending tax collection transfers Deficit of pooled cash Reimbursement of expenditures
Total General Fund	103,793	677,984	
Debt Service Funds General Fund	664,321		Pending tax collection transfers
Special Revenue Funds General Fund	-	93,785	Deficit of pooled cash / reimbursement of expenditures
Special Revenue Funds Agency Fund	3,157,947	3,157,947 <u>849,054</u>	Deficit of pooled cash
Total Special Revenue Funds	3,157,947	4,100,786	
Proprietary Fund General Fund	6,300	10,008	Reimbursement of expenditures
Agency Fund General Fund Special Revenue Funds	7,363 849,054	<u> </u>	Deficit of pooled cash Deficit of pooled cash
Total Agency Fund	856,417	-	
Totals	\$ 4,788,778	\$ 4,788,778	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 17. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District transferred \$2,018,581 from the District's internal service fund (workers' compensation self-insurance) to the General Fund as a transfer of excess residual equity and \$6,477,757 from the General Fund to the District's Local Special Projects Fund (a special revenue fund) to fund specific local projects approved by the Board of Trustees.

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EXHIBIT G-1

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget		
Code	S	 Original	Final		Positive or (Negative)		
	REVENUES:						
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 78,956,673			\$	(426,892)	
5800	State Program Revenues	98,820,917	99,396,047	98,088,417		(1,307,630)	
5900	Federal Program Revenues	2,532,000	2,535,504	2,572,056		36,552	
5020	Total Revenues	180,309,590	178,801,431	177,103,461		(1,697,970)	
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:		111 500 066	110 550 064		061 102	
0011	Instruction	109,533,676	111,532,066	110,570,964		961,102	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	2,555,734	2,512,359	2,438,484		73,875	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	2,628,240	3,299,393	3,076,664		222,729	
0021	Instructional Leadership	2,046,328	1,916,930	1,855,293		61,637	
0023	School Leadership	10,856,419	10,947,406	10,708,253		239,153	
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	7,531,452	7,362,059	7,149,540		212,519	
0032	Social Work Services	238,366	243,866	238,178		5,688	
0033	Health Services	2,368,953	2,409,352	2,276,787		132,565	
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	3,406,805	3,609,305	3,204,688		404,617	
0036	Extracurricular Activities	4,582,708	5,072,662	4,709,548		363,114	
0041	General Administration	4,749,150	4,932,150	4,674,522		257,628	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	22,275,434	23,431,086	19,258,707		4,172,379	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	1,369,962	1,519,602	1,435,777		83,825	
0053	Data Processing Services	4,762,624	4,349,528	4,221,234		128,294	
0061	Community Services	258,838	291,296	222,603		68,693	
	Debt Service:						
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	102,275	136,125	125,426		10,699	
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	8,875	8,875	5,603		3,272	
	Capital Outlay:						
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	450,000	1,140,095	1,125,378		14,717	
	Intergovernmental:			#0 ##O		14.470	
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	90,000	65,000	50,530		14,470	
0097	Payments to Tax Increment Fund	205,000	165,000	124,940		40,060	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	 625,000	640,000	616,268		23,732	
6030	Total Expenditures	180,645,839	185,584,155	178,089,387		7,494,768	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (336,249)	(6,782,724)	(985,926)		5,796,798	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		201.070	27/ 070		(15.001)	
7913	Capital Leases	-	391,079	376,078		(15,001)	
7915	Transfers In	-	2,018,581	2,018,581		-	
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	 48	(6,477,757)				
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,068,097)	(4,083,098)		(15,001)	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	 (336,249)	(10,850,821)	(5,069,024)		5,781,797	
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	 	57,781,708	57,781,708		-	
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ (336,249)	\$ 46,930,887	\$ 52,712,684	\$	5,781,797	

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" on a GAAP basis for the General Fund, Food Service Fund, which is included in the Special Revenue funds, and Debt Service Fund. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund budget appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two budgets are in Exhibits J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- 1. Prior to June 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten day's public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment is made before the fact, is reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and is not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. Significant amendments were made to the following functional areas:

Function	Increase (Decrease)
Instruction	\$ 1,998,390
Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	671,153
Student Transportation	202,500
Extracurricular Activities	489,954
General Administration	183,000
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,155,652
Data Processing Services	(413,096)
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	690,095

- 4. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at vear end.
- 5. The Texas Education Agency requires these budgets to be filed with the Texas Education Agency. Expenditures should not exceed the budget in any functional expenditure category under TEA requirements. The original and final amended versions of these budgets are used in this report.

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BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control Codes			211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program)	220 Adult Education Federal	224 IDEA - Part B Formula		
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	;	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		1	,111,907		17,302		1,475,395	
250	Accrued Interest			-		-		-	
260	Due from Other Funds			-		-		-	
290	Other Receivables			-		-		-	
300	Inventories			-		-		-	
410	Prepayments			-		-		-	
910	Long-Term Investments			-		-	_	-	
000	Total Assets		\$ 1	,111,907	\$	17,302	\$	1,475,395	
	LIABILITIES								
110	Accounts Payable		\$	15,757	\$	961	\$	4,940	
160	Accrued Wages Payable			315,819		-		588,549	
170	Due to Other Funds			780,331		16,341		881,906	
190	Due to Student Groups			-		-		-	
200	Accrued Expenditures			-		-		-	
300	Unearned Revenues			-		-		-	
000	Total Liabilities		1	,111,907		17,302		1,475,395	
	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:								
410	Inventories			_		-		-	
,,,	Restricted Fund Balance:								
450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction			-		-		-	
470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation			_		-		-	
.,,	Committed Fund Balance:								
545	Other Committed Fund Balance			_		-		-	
000	Total Fund Balances			-		_	_	-	
000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		\$ 1	,111,907	\$	17,302	\$	1,475,395	

225 IDEA - Part B				National Career		244 255 Career and ESEA II,A			263 itle III, A		265 itle IV, B		272 Medicaid		276 tle I - SIP
P1	reschool		reakfast and nch Program	Technical - Basic Grant		Training and Recruiting		English Lang. Acquisition			ommunity Learning	Admin. Claim MAC		Academy Grant	
\$		\$	3,502,342	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140 850	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	26,255		48,799		52,207		210,242		142,753		883,238		23,407		590,503
	-		1.007.024		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		1,997,824 1,454		-		-		-		572		-		1,622
	-		143,096		-		_		_		312		_		- 1,022
	-		143,070		-		_		_		4,980		_		44,065
	_		_		_		-		-		.,.		_		_
\$	26,255	\$	5,693,515	\$	52,207	\$	210,242	\$	142,753	\$	888,790	\$	23,407	\$	636,190
\$		\$	827,583	\$	490	\$	1,342	\$		\$	1,138	\$	_	\$	14,326
Φ	21,141	Φ	622,015	Φ	4,199	φ	100,986	Ψ	67,730	Ψ	152,957	Ψ	7,157	Ψ	50,525
	5,114		022,013		47,518		107,914		75,023		734,695		16,250		571,339
	-		-		-		-				_		´ -		-
	-		983		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	26,255	_	1,450,581		52,207		210,242		142,753		888,790		23,407		636,190
			143,096		_		_		_		-		-		-
			145,070												
	_		4,099,838		-		_		-		-		-		-
	-		=		-		-		-		~		-		-
	-	_			-		-		w		-		-		-
		_	4,242,934				-		-		-	_	-		-
\$	26,255	\$	5,693,515	\$	52,207	\$	210,242	\$	142,753	\$	888,790	\$	23,407	\$	636,190

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

			89	315		316		317		
	Data Control		Federal	SSA		SSA		SSA - IDEA, B		
			ecial	IDE	EA, Part B	IDE	IDEA, Part B		Preschool	
Codes		Revent	e Funds	Dis	cretionary		Deaf		Deaf	
	ASSETS									
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		-		13,866		7,192		1,328	
1250	Accrued Interest		-		-		-		-	
1260	Due from Other Funds		-		-		-		-	
1290	Other Receivables		-		-		-		-	
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		-	
1410	Prepayments		-		-		-		-	
1910	Long-Term Investments		-		-		-		-	
1000	Total Assets	\$	-	\$	13,866	\$	7,192	\$	1,328	
	LIABILITIES									
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	-	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		6,827		4,262		_	
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		7,039		2,930		1,328	
2190	Due to Student Groups		-				-		-	
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-		-		-		-	
2300	Unearned Revenues		-		-		-		-	
2000	Total Liabilities		-		13,866		7,192		1,328	
	FUND BALANCES									
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:									
3410	Inventories		-		_		_		_	
	Restricted Fund Balance:									
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-		-	
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		-				-			
	Committed Fund Balance:									
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		_		-	
3000	Total Fund Balances		_		-				-	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	Φ.		Φ.	12.066	0	7.102	Φ.	1 200	
4000	Total Elabilities and Pund Dalances	*	-	\$	13,866	\$	7,192	\$	1,328	

340 SSA - IDEA C Deaf - Early Intervention		385 Visually Impaired SSVI		397 Advanced Placement Incentives		410 State Textbook Fund		429 Other State Special Revenue Funds		435 SSA Regional Day School - Deaf		461 Campus Activity Funds		489 Other Local Special Revenue Funds	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,652,212	\$	_
	492		3,543		-		68,517		-		140,884		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		9,647		583,293		-		38,686		-		331,255
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	***		-		-		-		-		-		_		_
	-		_		-		-		-		-		-		_
\$	492	\$	3,543	\$	9,647	\$	651,810	\$	-	\$	179,570	\$	1,652,212	\$	331,255
\$	31	\$	_	\$	_	\$	424,005	\$	_	\$	_	\$	28,286	\$	9,170
Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	*	18,990	*	_	-	179,570		-		-
	461		3,543		-		-		-		-		849,054		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		87,968		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
			-		-	_	208,815				-				180,956
	492		3,543				651,810		4.0		179,570	_	965,308	<u> </u>	190,126
	-		-		-		-		-		-		**		-
	_		_		9,647		_		-		-		-		_
	-				-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-	_	-		-		-	_	686,904		141,129
	-				9,647		-		-		-	_	686,904		141,129
\$	492	\$	3,543	\$	9,647	\$	651,810	\$	_	\$	179,570	\$	1,652,212	\$	331,255

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

			490	 496	498	Total
Data			Local	United	Scholarship	Nonmajor
Contro	1		Special	Way	Fund	Special
Codes			Projects	 Grant		Revenue Funds
	ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,858,299	\$ _	\$ 2,089,567	\$ 12,102,420
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		-	-	-	4,817,830
1250	Accrued Interest		-	-	78,737	78,737
1260	Due from Other Funds		-	28,665	168,577	3,157,947
1290	Other Receivables		-	-	219,400	223,048
1300	Inventories		-	_	-	143,096
1410	Prepayments		-	1,790	-	50,835
1910	Long-Term Investments		-	-	7,720,140	7,720,140
1000	Total Assets	\$	4,858,299	\$ 30,455	\$10,276,421	\$28,294,053
	LIABILITIES					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	380,003	\$ 1,871	\$ 6,900	\$ 1,716,803
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-	28,584	-	2,169,311
2170	Due to Other Funds		-	***	-	4,100,786
2190	Due to Student Groups		-	-	64	88,032
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-	-	-	983
2300	Unearned Revenues			-	-	389,771
2000	Total Liabilities	_	380,003	 30,455	6,964	8,465,686
	FUND BALANCES					
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:					
3410	Inventories		-	-	-	143,096
5110	Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		_	-	_	4,109,485
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		_	-	-	_
3170	Committed Fund Balance:					
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		4,478,296	~	10,269,457	15,575,786
3000	Total Fund Balances		4,478,296	-	10,269,457	19,828,367
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,858,299	\$ 30,455	\$ 10,276,421	\$ 28,294,053

	699	Total
(Capital	Nonmajor
P	rojects	Governmental
	Fund	Funds
\$	33,513	\$ 12,135,933
	-	4,817,830
	-	78,737
	-	3,157,947
	-	223,048
	-	143,096
	-	50,835
	-	7,720,140
\$	33,513	\$28,327,566
\$	_	\$ 1,716,803
	_	2,169,311
	-	4,100,786
	-	88,032
	-	983
	-	389,771
	-	8,465,686
	-	143,096
	_	4,109,485
	33,513	33,513
	_	15,575,786
	33,513	19,861,880
Φ.	22 512	n 20 227 566
\$	33,513	\$28,327,566

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control Codes		В	220 Adult Education Federal		224 IDEA - Part B Formula		
	REVENUES:					•	
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
5800	State Program Revenues		3,806,798		109,145		4,500,744
5900	Federal Program Revenues				109,145		4,500,744
5020	Total Revenues	_	3,806,798		109,143		4,300,744
	EXPENDITURES:						
C	urrent:						
0011	Instruction		2,932,980		56,271		3,832,580
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services				-		100 501
	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		580,903				102,701
0021	Instructional Leadership		230,125		52,374		58,292
0023	School Leadership		-		-		363,200
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		-		_		76,839
0032	Social Work Services		_		_		-
0033 0034	Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation		_				67,132
0034	Food Services		-				-
	Extracurricular Activities		-		-		-
0030	General Administration		-		-		-
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-		500		-
	Data Processing Services		-		-		-
0061			62,790		-		-
	apital Outlay:						
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		-		-
6030	Total Expenditures	_	3,806,798		109,145		4,500,744
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	-		-		-
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
7915	Transfers In	_					
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	_	-		-		-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	•	\$	•	\$	10

225 IDEA - Part B Preschool	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	265 Title IV, B Community Learning	272 Medicaid Admin. Claim MAC	276 Title I - SIP Academy Grant	
\$ -	\$ 3,283,515 234,348	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
110,945 110,945	8,144,086 11,661,949	241,734	658,466	436,023	3,393,003	99,533	1,925,695 1,925,695	
110,945	_	39,527	603,293	261,058	1,812,907	-	590,440	
-	-	202,207	40,005	130,639	1,165,955 293,674	-	20,116 1,020,477 98,359	
-	-	•	15,168	-	-	99,533	68,071 - 44,475	
-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
- - -	11,272,370	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	- -	-	- - 44,326	79,388 - 41,079	-	32,328 - 51,429	
-			-		-			
110,945	11,272,370	241,734	658,466	436,023	3,393,003	99,533	1,925,695	
	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	
-	389,579 3,853,355	-	-	•	•	-	-	
\$ -	\$ 4,242,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control Codes		S	289 or Federal pecial nue Funds	IDE	315 SSA A, Part B retionary	IDE.	316 SSA A, Part B Deaf	SSA ·	317 - IDEA, B eschool Deaf
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	- - 18,922	\$	35,940	\$	24,242	\$	4,072
5020	Total Revenues		18,922		35,940		24,242		4,072
C	EXPENDITURES:								
0011	Instruction		18,922		35,940		24,242		4,072
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		-		-		-		-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-		-		-		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		-		-		-		
0023	School Leadership		-		-		-		-
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		-		-		-		-
0032	Social Work Services		they		-		-		-
0033	Health Services		-		-		-		
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		-		-		-		_
	Food Services		-		_		_		_
	Extracurricular Activities		_		_		_		_
0041 0051	General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations				_				-
	Data Processing Services		_		-		_		-
0053	Community Services		_		-		-		_
	apital Outlay:								
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		_		-		
6030	Total Expenditures		18,922		35,940		24,242		4,072
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-		-		-
7915	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In				•		-		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)				Tab.		-		-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-

340 SSA - IDEA C Deaf - Early Intervention	Ir	385 isually npaired SSVI	Adv Plac	397 vanced cement entives	410 State Fextbook Fund	S	429 her State Special nue Funds	-	435 SSA gional Day ool - Deaf		461 Campus Activity Funds		489 Other Local Special Revenue Funds	
\$ - - 1,409	\$	- 12,920 -	\$	- 8,180 -	\$ - 1,948,916 -	\$	10,142	\$	397,500 395,180	\$	2,036,601	\$	388,222 - -	
1,409		12,920		8,180	 1,948,916		10,142		792,680		2,036,601		388,222	
1,409		12,920		-	1,706,428		10,089 53		723,221		238,000		135,112 6,822	
-		-		1,350	242,488		-		2,280		-		74,309	
-		_		1,330	242,400		-		67,154		-		- 1,507	
_		-		-	-		-		-		_		-	
-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
•		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-	-		-		-		-			
-		-		-	-		-		-				61,360	
-		-		-	-		-		-		1,723,484		5,870	
-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-	•		-		_		-		_	
-		-		-	-		-		25		-		99	
-		_		-	_		-				-			
1,409		12,920		1,350	1,948,916		10,142		792,680		1,961,484		283,572	
-		-		6,830	 -		-	***************************************	-		75,117		104,650	
													_	
					 				-				104.650	
-		-		6,830	-		-		-		75,117		104,650	
-				2,817	 		-			_	611,787		36,479	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,647	\$	\$	_	\$	-	\$	686,904	\$	141,129	

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control Codes			190	 496		498		Total
		L	ocal	Jnited	S	cholarship	1	Nonmajor
Codes		-	ecial	Way		Fund	~ 0	Special
		Pro	ojects	 Grant			Rev	venue Funds
	REVENUES:				_			0 #4 # 000
	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	923	\$ 340,348	\$	2,070,780	\$	8,517,889
	State Program Revenues		-	-		-		2,609,686
5900	Federal Program Revenues		-	 -		-		23,510,757
5020	Total Revenues		923	 340,348	-	2,070,780		34,638,332
	EXPENDITURES:							
C	current:							
0011	Instruction		945,771	5,999		157,538		14,259,664
	Instructional Resources and Media Services		-	-		-		26,991
	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-	15,850		_		3,579,164
	Instructional Leadership		-	108,673		-		908,651
	School Leadership		-	-		-		83,239
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		-	-		-		462,733
	Social Work Services		-	-		-		121,314
0033	Health Services		-	205		-		205
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	-		-		67,132
	Food Services		-	-		-		11,333,730
	Extracurricular Activities		-	-		-		1,729,354
0041	General Administration		-	-		24,970		24,970
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		122,897	6,422		-		241,535
	Data Processing Services	2	,283,653	-		-		2,283,653
	Community Services		-	203,199		-		402,947
	Capital Outlay:							
	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		595,059	 -		-		595,059
6030	Total Expenditures	3	,947,380	340,348		182,508		36,120,341
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3	,946,457)	-		1,888,272		(1,482,009)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
7915	Transfers In	6	,477,757	 -		•		6,477,757
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	2	2,531,300	-		1,888,272		4,995,748
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	1	,946,996	 -		8,381,185		14,832,619
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 4	,478,296	\$ -	\$	10,269,457	\$	19,828,367

	699		Total
(Capital		Nonmajor
P	rojects	G	overnmental
	Fund		Funds
ø	20	ď	0 517 017
\$	28	\$	8,517,917 2,609,686
			23,510,757
	28	_	34,638,360
		_	34,030,300
	-		14,259,664
	_		26,991
	-		3,579,164
	-		908,651
	-		83,239
	-		462,733
	-		121,314
	-		205
	-		67,132 11,333,730
	-		1,729,354
	-		24,970
	_		241,535
	-		2,283,653
	-		402,947
	110,529		705,588
	110,529		36,230,870
	(110,501)		(1,592,510)
	_		6,477,757
	(110,501)	_	4,885,247
	144,014		14,976,633
			- ,- ,- ,- ,-
\$	33,513	\$	19,861,880

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised
ast 10 Years	Tax l	Rates	Value for School
	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes
005 and prior years	\$ 1.465000	\$ 0.152000	\$ 6,165,856,861
006	1.465000	0.152000	6,357,870,019
007	1.339000	0.226000	6,755,819,844
008	1.040000	0.365000	7,052,993,271
009	1.040000	0.370000	7,556,727,742
010	1.040000	0.365000	7,562,473,674
011	1.040000	0.385000	7,031,622,459
012	1.040000	0.395000	7,018,286,448
013	1.040000	0.395000	7,139,921,201
014 (School year under audit)	1.040000	0.395000	7,356,610,245
000 TOTALS			
2000 Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Process (See Footnote)	aid into Tax Increment Zon	e	\$ -

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2013	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments		(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2014
\$ 2,263,981	\$ -	\$ 32,811	\$ 4,611	\$	1,277	\$ 2,227,836
232,720	-	6,291	653		4,046	229,822
269,274	-	6,106	1,031		3,931	266,068
269,615	-	9,341	3,278		3,151	260,147
337,926	-	19,203	6,832		3,558	315,449
398,330	-	49,808	17,481		4,891	335,932
430,025	-	69,778	25,831		990	335,406
579,825	-	144,094	54,728		(1,995)	379,008
2,481,768	-	1,249,361	474,516		(203,665)	554,226
-	103,241,625	73,194,761	27,799,944		(46,919)	2,200,001
\$ 7,263,464	\$ 103,241,625	\$ 74,781,554	\$ 28,388,905	\$	(230,735)	\$ 7,103,895
\$	\$ 124,940	\$ 90,549	\$ 34,391	\$	-	\$ w

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control		Budgeted .	nnts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes		Original		Final			()	Jegative)
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	3,361,002 353,000 7,775,351	\$	3,361,002 353,000 7,935,351	\$	3,283,515 234,348 8,144,086	\$	(77,487) (118,652) 208,735
Total Revenues		11,489,353		11,649,353		11,661,949		12,596
EXPENDITURES: 0035 Food Services		11,767,201		11,927,201		11,272,370		654,831
6030 Total Expenditures		11,767,201		11,927,201		11,272,370		654,831
Net Change in Fund Balances		(277,848)		(277,848)		389,579		667,427
Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	Manage representation of the contract of the c	3,853,355		3,853,355		3,853,355		•
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	3,575,507	\$	3,575,507	\$	4,242,934	\$	667,427

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Data Control			Budgeted A	Amoı	ınts		tual Amounts AAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes	-	Original		Final				(Negative)		
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Interm 5800 State Program Revenue		\$	29,502,078 2,977,056	\$	28,549,217 2,968,822	\$	28,506,167 2,965,000	\$	(43,050) (3,822)	
5020 Total Revenu	es		32,479,134		31,518,039		31,471,167		(46,872)	
EXPENDITURES:										
Debt Service: 0071 Principal on Long Ter 0072 Interest on Long Term 0073 Bond Issuance Cost an	Debt		9,825,164 17,624,714 30,000		14,225,164 17,624,714 211,863		14,225,163 17,624,714 187,765		24,098	
6030 Total Expend	itures		27,479,878		32,061,741		32,037,642		24,099	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) (Expenditures	of Revenues Over (Under)		4,999,256		(543,702)		(566,475)		(22,773)	
OTHER FINANCIN 7911 Refunding Bonds Issue 7916 Premium or Discount of 8949 Other (Uses)			-		20,245,000 735,340 (20,798,477)		20,245,000 735,340 (20,798,477)		-	
7080 Total Other F	inancing Sources (Uses)		-		181,863		181,863		-	
1200 Net Change in Fund	Balances		4,999,256		(361,839)		(384,612)		(22,773)	
0100 Fund Balance - July	1 (Beginning)		12,791,837		12,791,837		12,791,837			
3000 Fund Balance - June	30 (Ending)	\$	17,791,093	\$	12,429,998	\$	12,407,225	\$	(22,773)	

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Birdville Independent School District Haltom City, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Birdville Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Birdville Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated October 30, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

October 30, 2014

Members:
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Trustees Birdville Independent School District Haltom City, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Birdville Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Birdville Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. Birdville Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of finding and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Birdville Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Birdville Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Birdville Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Birdville Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Birdville Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Birdville Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Birdville Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn + Seay

Denton, Texas

October 30, 2014

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

An un	modified opinion was issued on the financial statements.		
intern	al control over financial reporting:		
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	_X_ No
•	Significant deficiencies in internal control identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes	_X_ None reported
•	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	_X_ No
Fedei	ral Awards		
Intern	al control over major programs:		
(•	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	_X_ No
•	Significant deficiencies in internal control identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes	X None reported
	modified opinion was issued on compliance for programs.		
•	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) 2-7 of OMB Circular A-133?	Yes	_X No

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS – CONTINUED

Identification of major programs:

	Number	Program
	Child Nutrition Cluster: 10.553 10.555	School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program
	12.000	Junior ROTC
	84.365A 84.367A	Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition ESEA, Title II, Part A - Teacher/Principal Training
•	Dollar threshold used to disting and type B programs?	guish between type A \$722,450
Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?	_X_YesNo
	ON II – FINANCIAL STATEME	NT FINDINGS
None		
SECTI	ON III – FINDINGS AND QUES	STIONED COSTS RELATED TO FEDERAL AWARDS
None		
SECTI	ON IV – OTHER FINDING	
None		

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2014

Find 2013-01 - Pledged collateral less than required amount

Status: New procedures were implemented to more closely monitor deposits and pledged collateral. District deposits were fully collateralized at all times during the year ended June 30, 2014.

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2014

None Required

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FOR THE YEAR ENDE				(4)
(1)	(2)	(3) Pass-Through		(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal CFDA	Entity Identifying	E	ederal
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number		enditures
PROGRAM OF CLOSTER TITLE	Talliboi	114411001		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				
Direct Programs	10.000	220002	e	288,523
Junior ROTC	12.000	220902	<u>\$</u> \$	288,523
Total Direct Programs			\$	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			<u> </u>	288,523
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through Texas Workforce Commission				
Adult Education (ABE) - Federal Adult Education (ABE) - Federal	84.002A 84.002A	134100087110472 144100087110472	\$	9,271 99,941
Total CFDA Number 84.002A				109,212
Total Passed Through Texas Workforce Commission			\$	109,212
Passed Through State Department of Education				
*ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	14610101220902	\$	3,879,812
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	146600012209026600		4,586,935
*SSA - IDEA - Part B, Discretionary	84.027A	146600112209026673 146600012209026601		35,940 24,242
*SSA - IDEA - Part B, Deaf	84.027A	140000012209020001		4,647,117
Total CFDA Number 84.027A		4.46610013000006610	-	
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool *SSA - IDEA - Part B, Preschool Deaf	84.173A 84.173A	146610012209026610 146610012209026611		110,945 4,147
Total CFDA Number 84.173A	01117511	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		115,092
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				4,762,209
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	14420006220902		243,538
SSA - IDEA, Part C - Early Intervention (Deaf)	84.181A	143911012209023911		1,409
Title IV, Pt B-21st Cent. Community Learning Cent.	84.287C	146950167110008		2,249,282
Title IV, Pt B-21st Cent. Community Learning Cent. Title IV, Pt B-21st Cent. Community Learning Cent.	84.287C 84.287C	126950147110010 136950147110010		65,775 1,054,349
Title IV, Pt B-21st Cent. Community Learning Cent. Title IV, Pt B-21st Cent. Community Learning Cent.	84.287C	136950167110008		87,644
Total CFDA Number 84.287C				3,457,050
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	14671001220902		444,385
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A 84.369A	14694501220902 69551302		671,095 18,922
Summer School LEP Texas Title I Priority Schools	84.377A	126107047110003		39,017
Texas Title I Priority Schools	84.377A	136107047110003		1,922,864
Total CFDA Number 84.377A				1,961,881
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			\$	15,440,301
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$	15,549,513
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Passed Through State Department of Education				
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778		\$	99,533
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			\$	99,533
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SER	VICES		\$	99,533

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through			
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal Expenditures		
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture					
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401401	\$	1,415,726	
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71401401		5,981,738	
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	71401401		746,622	
Total CFDA Number 10.555				6,728,360	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				8,144,086	
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			\$	8,144,086	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$	8,144,086	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	24,081,655	

^{*}Clustered Programs

BIRDVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

1. The District utilizes the fund types specified in the Texas Education Agency *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide.*

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state awards generally are accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund or Special Revenue Fund, components of the Governmental Funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Government Funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grants, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

- 3. The National School Lunch Program (CFDA 10.555) received like kind goods. The monetary value of these goods was \$746,622 for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- 4. SHARS reimbursements of \$2,001,159 are recorded as federal revenue in the General Fund, and are not considered for purposes of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.
- 5. The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refund of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2014, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

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